Исследования индустрий в странах с помощью аналитиков находящихся в каждой из них



Рынки массового потребления:

80 основных стран

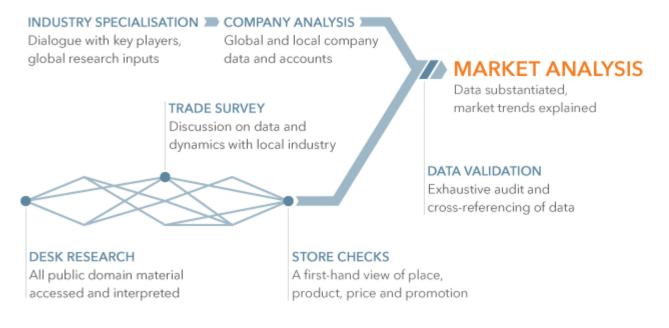
- √ 85% мирового населения
- ✓ 99% глобального потребления

Страны и потребители: **210 стран**



Методология исследований

GLOBAL INSIGHT



LOCAL KNOWLEDGE



Контент Passport

Consumer Products

Alcoh

Alcoholic Drinks



Home Care



Hot Drinks



Apparel

Luxury Goods

Pet Care

Soft Drinks

Tobacco



Beauty and Personal Care



Packaged Food

Personal Accessories

Tissue and Hygiene

Toys and Games



Consumer Appliances



Consumer Electronics



Consumer Health



Eyewear



Fresh Food



Health and Wellness



Home and Garden

Services



Consumer Finance



Consumer Foodservice



Retailing



Travel and Tourism

Suppliers



Industrial



Ingredients



Packaging

Countries and Consumers



Countries and Consumers



Consumer Trends and Lifestyles



Economy, Finance and Trade



Government, Labour and Education



Income and Expenditure

Industry, Infrastructure and Environment



Population and Homes



Technology, Communications and Media



Survey

in Cities

CAMI



Обзор Passport

■Что это?

- ✓ Ворота в мир глобальной стратегической информации
- Полная информационная архитектура для Вашей организации
- Структурированные данные по отраслям и их анализ



■Для чего это?

- ✓ Полная картина бизнес среды
- ✓ Возможность отслеживать ситуацию на рынках и смежных отраслях, условия работы, потребительские тенденции
- ✓ Эффективное использование информации



■ Что в нём?

- ✓ Статистика, отчеты, комментарии
- ✓ 4,000 видов продуктов и услуг
- ✓ 115 миллионов единиц данных
- ✓ 17,000 полных текстовых отчетов: глобальных, региональных, по странам, по компаниям



Индустрии



Страны



Потребители



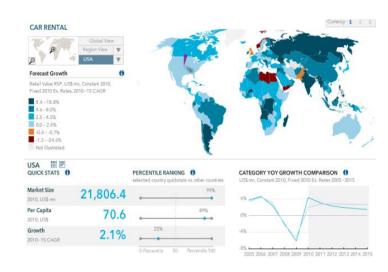
Passport это

- Набор уникальных инструментов для решения задач любой сложности
- Интегрированный доступ к международным статистическим данным, детальным отчетам и актуальным комментариям экспертов мирового уровня
- Широкий спектр данных, содержащий точечный анализ по любой отрасли или стране мира
- Регулярно обновляемый и пополняемый информационный массив
- Интуитивно-понятный интерфейс

Market Sizes | Historic | Number of Trips | '000 trips

Key: ■ Related Analysis III Chart this Row ■ Analysis by country

Change View	<u> </u>	2005 🔻	200€
United Kingdom			
□ th□	Arrivals from Australia	910,6	94
□ th□	Arrivals from Austria	271,3	28
□ th□	Arrivals from Belgium	670,1	61
□ th□	Arrivals from Canada	790,8	86
□ th□	Arrivals from Denmark	507,0	49
□ th□	Arrivals from France	2.826,0	3.13
☐ th□	Arrivals from Germany	3.024,9	3.14
□ th□	Arrivals from Ireland	2.782,2	2.79
□ th□	Arrivals from Italy	1.159,2	1.42
□ th□	Arrivals from Japan	321,8	33





Особенности системы

- вся информация стандартизирована для возможности сравнения индустрий/категорий в разных странах
- статистические таблицы, отчёты по категориям и странам, комментарии аналитиков, профилирование компаний
- дефиниции категорий с точными определениями
- возможность экспортировать документ в пдф-файл, ексель, сохранить на интернетовской страничке
- постоянная помощь нашего специалиста
 при поиске информации и обучении коллег



В какой форме вы получаете информацию

Statistics

Market Sizes | Historic | Number of Trips | '000 trips

Kev: E Related Analysis II Chart this Row Analysis by country

Change View	<u> </u>	2005 ▼	200€
United Kingdom			
□ th□	Arrivals from Australia	910,6	94
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□ 1h□	Arrivals from Italy	1.159,2	1.42
□ 1h□	Arrivals from Japan	321,8	33

Country reports

Inbound Arrivals by Source Country

Crisis leads to tourism decline

- According to the National Statistics Institute (INE) and Turismo de Lisboa, the various types of accommodation throughout Lisbon city registered an estimated total of 1.9 million international arrivals in 2009, representing a decrease of 4.3% over the previous year.
- A sharp decline in major inbound markets as a direct result of the global economic crisis was the major reason behind the negative performance over the year.
 In Europe, the number of fourists coming to the city from the UK dropped by 21%, while tally and Germany also experienced significant declines of 13% and 7%, respectively.
- On the other hand Spanish and French visitor numbers grew by 3.5% and 2%, respectively, but not enough to offset the losses by their European counterparts.
- Declines by other major markets outside Europe included Brazil and Japan, which fell by 10% and 5% respectively, while US visitor numbers grew by 3.3%.
 Over the forecast period arrivals to Lisbon hotel
- Over the forecast period arrivals to Lisbon notes establishments are forecast to grow by almost 16% as a result of gaining back international demand with the recovery of its major feeder markets and the popularity of Lisbon as an affordable, culture-laden city break destination.

International Hotel Establishment Arrivals to Lisbon City by Country 2009/2014

Travel & Tourism: Lisbon © Euromonitor International

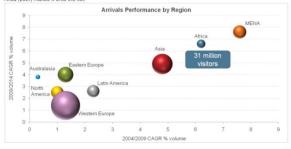
	.000 beoble	2009	2014	% growth
	Spain	353.8	407.3	15.1
	France	171.0	186.9	9.3
	Germany	159.7	182.0	14.0
1	Italy	140.1	158.9	13.4
	UK	121.2	134.7	11.1
	Brazil	156.1	195.7	25.4
	US	126.5	138.5	9.5
	Canada	23.0	24.9	8.3
	Japan	29.3	33.0	12.6
	Other	600.6	711.0	18.4
	TOTAL	1,881.3	2,172.9	15.5

Global reports

and briefings

Africa vs Global Tourism Performance

- Although numbers of visitors are smaller than for most other regions, Africa's growth between 2004 and 2009 was outpaced only by the Middle East and North Africa region.
- · Growth of 9.3% is expected for 2010, and visitor numbers are expected to reach 39 million by 2014.
- South Africa, Madagascar, Kenya and Zambia are all predicted to show growth of over 10% in 2010.
- Of the world's Top 50 tourism destinations according to the number of arrivals, as defined by UNTWO, only South Arica (25th) makes it onto the list.



City reports/ briefings

- Despite the global economic downtum and the Chinese government's financial stimulus to boost domestic tourism, outbound departures still increased by 3% in 2009, to reach 55 million. During the forecast period, outbound departures are expected to increase by a 7% CAGR, to 49 million visitors.
- China is touted as the next big economy, and the country was not badly affected by the economic downtum
 in 2009. Outbound expenditure injected a much needed RMDESS billion into the economies of destination
 countries in 2009. As the global economy recovers and consumer confidence is regained, outbound tourist
 expenditure is expected to enjoy a 6% CAGN to reach RMBESS billion at the ned of other forecast periods.
- Hong Kong and Macau will remain China's favounte destinations going into the forecast period. However,
 as Chinase to unsits become more adventuous, the Philippines will enjoy an extraordinary 29% volume.
 CAGR. The lower cost of living in the Philippines and diversified tourist attractions, ranging from diving
 gots to historical sites, will attract \$97,000 visitors by 2014 More affinent Chinese tourists will wanted
 travel beyond East Asia, and countries such as the US and Australia will enjoy strong volume CAGRs of
 10% and 9% respectively in the forecast period.
- The rise of Chinese to units has not gone unnoticed by NTOs in many countries. As traditional high
 spenders from the US and Europe cut down on long haultravel, Chinese to units have been identified as
 replacements. Countries such as Thailand, Singapore, Malaysia and Australia are buys trying to attract
 Chinese tounists by setting up tourism offices in China, offering the Chinese language on their tourism
 websites. Chinese and regional low cost cariners will also drive outbound tourism.

CATEGORY DATA

Table 10	Departures by Destination:	2004-2009							
'000 people									
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009			
Australia	251.3	285.0	308.5	357.5	356.4	342.1			
Austria	205.0	223.0	256.4	282.2	273.3	238.5			
Cambodia	102.6	123.5	130.5	140.6	147.6	153.2			
France	437.8	601.0	673.9	716.7	379.8	330.2			
Germany	210.9	234.9	251.7	271.6	252.5	230.5			
Hong Kong, Chin	a 7,788.4	8.026.5	8,440.2	9,090.2	9.380.0	9,411.3			
India	34.1	44.9	62.3	88.1	53.3	41.0			
lanan	0 303	694.4	702.2	0000	000.7	902.5			

Company

Profiles

 Samsung deliberately makes as few regional-specific branding concessions as possible, and the company's declared strategy is to create brand unity in all its global markets.

Homogenising the brand strategy

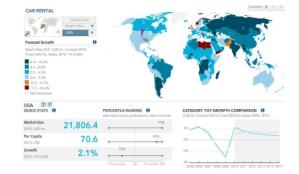
- Samsung is seeking to build stronger brand consistency on a global and regional basis. The company plant he roll-out of a global markeling strategy aimed at creating a consistent brand identify across product categories in 50 markets, and will invest in brand-building sponsorship and product design to create a more unified brand spanning products in its mobile. TV home entertainment, IT appoilances and business divisions.
- This unification tools a variety of forms. Most visibly, it was implemented by its two principal sports sporsorship deals the company was a global IOC Olympic Games partner for Beiging 2008 and the shirt sporsor of Chiefae FC, with a 5-year deal worth an estimated £50 million, which begain 12005. Utili the 2008-2009 season, Chiefae shirts carried the Samsung Mobile (opp. but now reads only Samsung, to promote the core logo, but now reads only Samsung, to promote the core.)
- The brand continues with its strategy to promote itself through important sports activities such as the Vanocuver 2010 Winter Olympic Games and promoted cross-marketing campaigns with luxury brands while creating products in partnerships with other companies to increase their premium image.





- The company has also launched a number of standalone retail outlets for the whole Samsung Electronics portfolio, as well as a number of in-store stores in electrical specialists, in selected markets.
- These retailers support brand unity by carrying a full range of consumer appliances and consumer electronics.

Dashboards



+ links to real time news sites

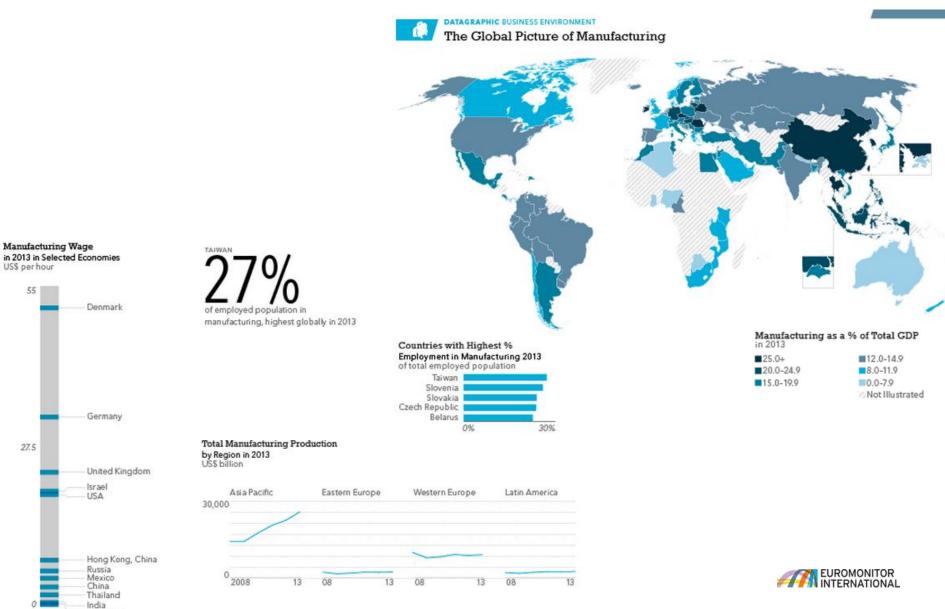


PASSPORT: INDUSTRIAL



Myanmar

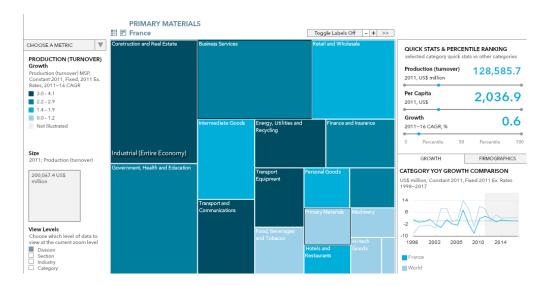
Passport Industrial - обзор на 360° каждой отрасли промышленности



Passport Industrial (B2B)

Passport Industrial ОБЗОР ВСЕХ ОТРАСЛЕЙ ЭКОНОМИКИ: 18 КРУПНЕЙШИХ СТРАН

Уникальное исследовательское решение, предоставляющее анализ 177 отраслей промышленности 18-ти крупнейших экономик мира, предстваляющих в общей совокупности 78% мирового ВВП. Passport Industrial является ведущей онлайновой системой информации высокого уровня о рынке. Предлагается интуитивно понятная навигация по мощным статистикическим данным и отчетам, при помощи которой пользователи наглядно воспринимают большие объёмы информации, что помогает принять ясные, уверенные решения.





Все кластеры экономики

Industrial



Articles and opinions etc.

Russia's Space Industry is about to Regain Its Former Glory. Or Is It?

Opinion | 29 Apr 2013



Vvkintas Marscionka Analyst - Industrial

After a protracted period of decline and several recent launch failures, Russia is aiming to restore some of its former glory by boosting space industry spending more than RUB1.6 trillion over the period of 2013-2020, which includes building new launch pad and developing rockets able to reach moon and even Mars. However, current state of the industry might prove too big of a

burden to achieve these monumental goals.

Car Manufacturers in Russia Enjoy Robust Growth

Podcast | 18 Mar 2013



Government Hopes to Bolster Shipbuilding in Russia

0:00 / 4:40 🜓 🗔

The Russian government hopes to change problems in the shipbuilding industry with an investment in a long term commercial program.

Production Trends

Forecast

O Historic

RANK CATEGORIES

For a geography...

Size

C Growth

Per cap.

Reports

- Despite increasing import penetration, the growth of the local industry market, as the industry's turnover expanded by 41% over the review pe
- Manufacturing of taps and valves was the fastest-growing category, in annum and being the largest sector in the industry with 36% of total turno in share from 2006. The pumps category increased by 45% and became industry with a 27% share in 2012. Parts, maintenance and installation re with 25% of total turnover at the end of the review period.

Supply structure

DASHBOARDS

Analytic Industrial

VISUALISE DATA

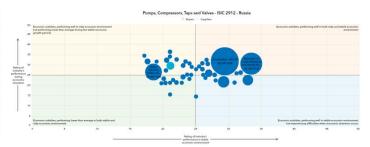


Key players

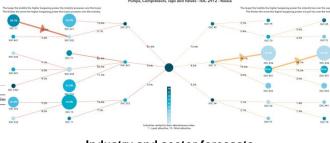


73.3 %

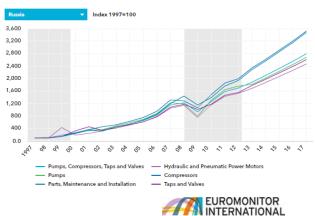
Attractiveness index



Industry environment



Industry and sector forecasts



Passport Industrial - обзор на 360° каждой отрасли промышленности

СТАТИСТИКА

производство

- »» 5 лет прогноза
- »» Производство в денежном выражении в ценах производителя
- »» Индекс цен производителей
- »» Индекс объема производства

импорт и экспорт

- »» объем импорта и экспорта
- »» Топ 5 направлений экспорта
- »» Топ 5 направлений импорта
- »»Доля импорта в размере рынка
- »» Доля экспорта в производстве
- »»Внешнеторговый баланс

РАЗМЕРЫ РЫНКА

- »» Объемы продаж по цене закупщиков
- »» Объемы закупок домохозяйств
- »» Объемы В2В покупок
- »» Объемы государственных закупок

ФИРМОГРАФИКИ

- »» Количество компаний
- »» Кол-во микро, экстра малых, малых, средних и больших компаний
- »» Доля производства микро, экстра малых, малых, средних и больших компаний
- »» Доли компаний для Топ 5 производителей

ОТРАСЛЕВЫЕ ЦЕНЫ И ДОХОДНОСТЬ

- »» Стоимость труда
- »» Кол-во рабочих
- »» Средние зарплаты
- »» Налоги
- »» Операционные и производственные затраты
- »» Прибыль
- »» Доходность (%)

ИНДЕКС ПРИВЛЕКАТЕЛЬНОСТИ

»» Всеобъемлющая оценка функционирования отрасли в стабильных и сложных экономических условиях

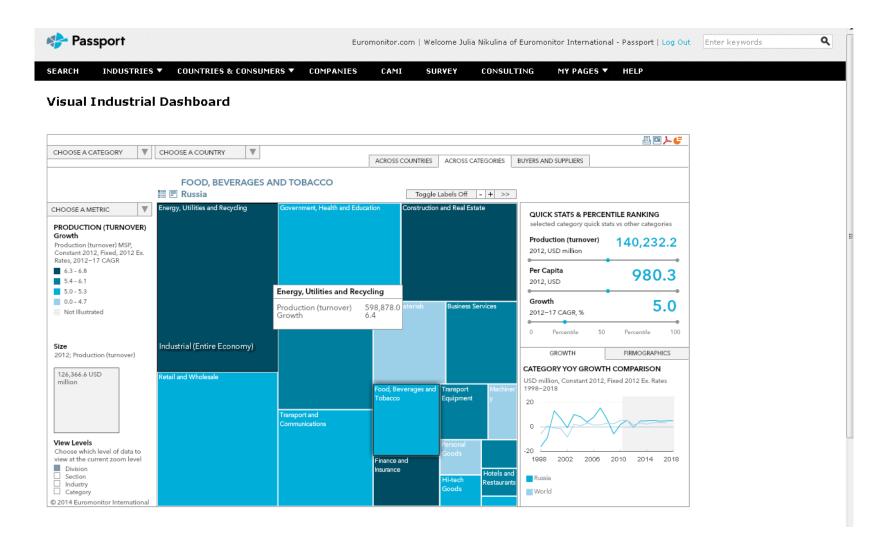
<u>ОТЧЕТЫ</u>

- »» Свыше 3000 отчетов
- »» Анализ ключевых тенденций для всех 177 индустрий

Chart 37 Supply Structure (I	R\$ million, yea	ar 2010)		
	R\$ 94,034	Profit	31.5%	Profit
	R\$ 11,940	Taxes less subsidies	4.0%	Taxes less subsidies
Compensation of employees	R\$ 54,172	Labour	18.1%	
Collection and distribution of water	RS 280			
Production, collection and distribution of electricity	R\$ 257	Utilities	0.1%	
Other	R\$ 19.1			Operating
Monetary intermediation	R\$ 2,164			costs
Architectural and engineering services	R\$ 1,087		3.3%	
Insurance and pension funding	R\$ 793	Services	3.5%	
Other	R\$ 5,811			
Road passenger and freight transport	R\$ 3,227			
Other	R\$ 998	Transport	1.4%	
Printing	R\$ 82.7			Other costs
Other	R\$ 80.0	Other costs	0.0%	Other costs
Construction	R\$ 6,683	Intra-industry trade	2.2%	
Ceramic, clay, cement, lime and stone products	R\$ 44,222			
Basic iron and steel	R\$ 9,990	Non-durable goods	30.4%	Cost of
Paints and varnishes	R\$ 9,005			
Other	R\$ 27,463			
Metal products for household use, vehicles and packaging	R\$ 4,633			materials
Structural metal products	R\$ 3,289	Durable goods	7.0%	
Other	R\$ 13,015			
Quarrying of stone, sand and day	R\$ 4,966			
Other	R\$ 0.0	Primary goods	1.6%	



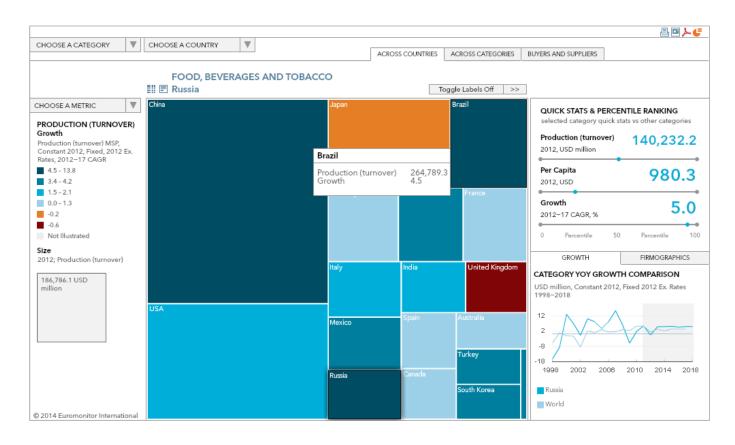
Продажи В2В – оцените самые большие категории





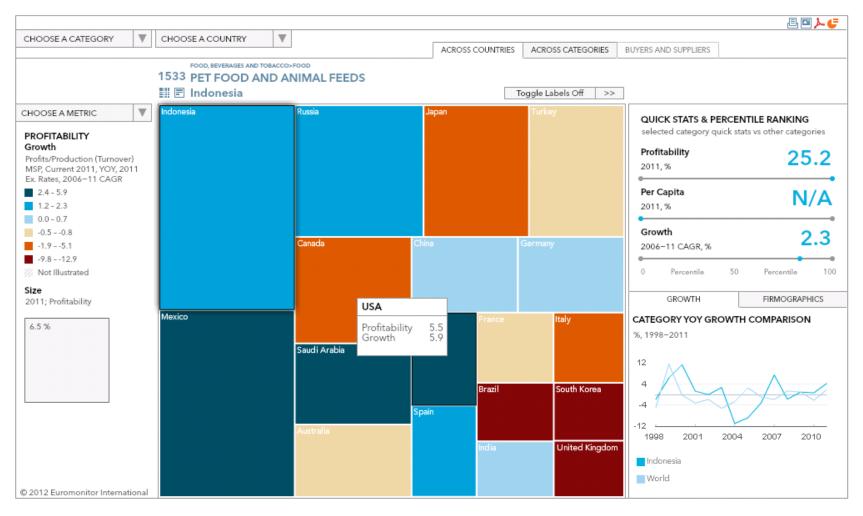
Стратегический подбор источников – кто является экспортерами?

Visual Industrial Dashboard





Стратегический подбор источников – кто на этом больше всего зарабатывает?



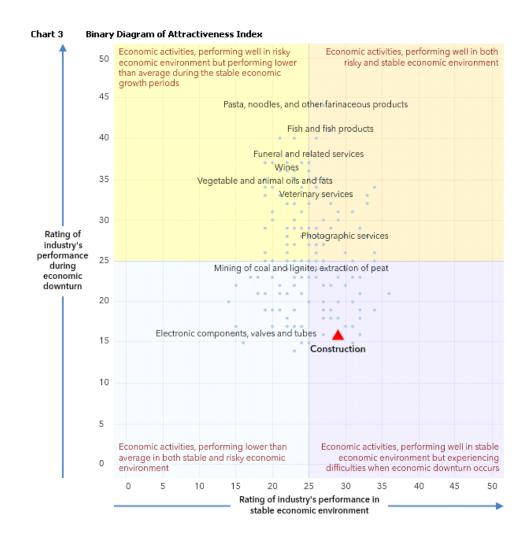


Анализ взаимодействия отраслей – клиенты/поставщики?





Управление рисками – насколько стабильна изучаемая отрасль?





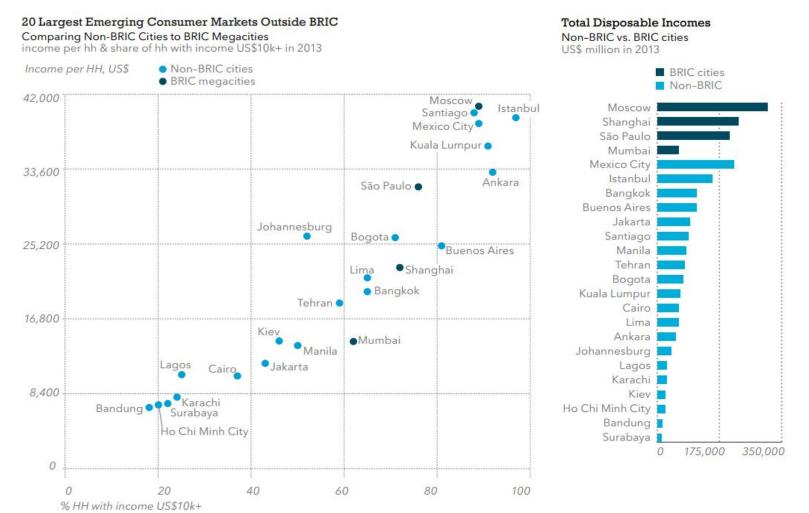


PASSPORT: CITIES



Паспорт: «Города» - это наиболее важный источник социально-экономических показателей, аналитических данных, экспертных оценок по различным городам мира.

Exploring Emerging Cities Beyond BRIC



1 150 городов мира

- » исторические данные на период 2005-2012 г. и прогнозы до 2020 года
- » 120 городов 1 уровня с 270 социально-экономическими показателями

• » 730 городов 2 уровня с 170 социально-экономическими показателями

Report structure	Economy of the city	Consumer profile	Consumer expenditure: City lifestyle	Consumer expenditure: City affordability	
Understanding cities: key relationships	Economic structure of the city and its productivity advantage	usually result in higher average household income	which determines consumer preferences	while transport and housing expenses often eat-up income surplus.	
Key measures	Productivity (GDP per employee)	Average annual household income	Consumer expenditure (excluding transport and housing)	Consumer expenditure on transport & housing	
New York in 2011, compared to the rest of the country	+57.9% in productivity	+32.6% in household income	+13.0% in spending per household	+31.1% in spending per household	



PASSPORT: CITIES

Углубленный и своевременный анализ поможет Вам понять масштаб и направления экономических и потребительских тенденций в городах.

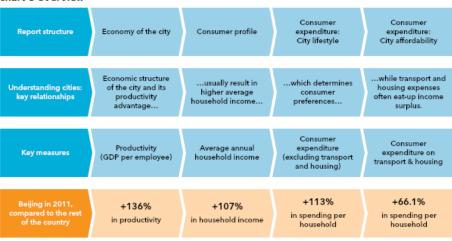
Beijing City Review

Cities I 03 Apr 2013

Beijing Review At A Glance

Understanding Beijing Review Structure

Chart 1 Overview



Source: Euromonitor International

Key Facts On Beijing

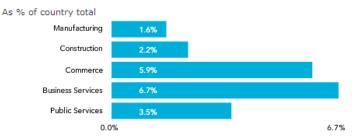
Summary 1 Key Facts On Beijing 2006, 2011, 2020

Indicator	2006	2011	2020
Share of Services (% of total GDP)	64.0	67.7	-
Total GDP (RMB million, current prices)	811,780	1,665,528	4,346,648
Real GDP Growth (%)	13.0	12.1	8.0
Unemployment Rate (%)	2.0	1.4	-
Population: January 1st ('000)	15,967	20,185	25,736

Source: Euromonitor International

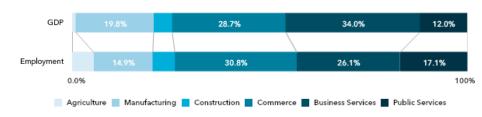
Industrial Make-up

Chart 3 GDP By Economic Sector 2011



Source: Euromonitor International

Chart 4 Industrial Composition Of Beijing 2011



Source: Euromonitor International

Beijing is regarded as the political, educational and cultural heart of China. In 2011, the city accounted for 4% of the country's total GDP, with a large part of GDP stemming from the service sector. Being an administrative centre, Beijing employs 17% of its workforce in the public services industry; for comparison, public services account for 13% of jobs in Shanghai and 15% in Guangzhou.

Beijing is striving to catch up with Shanghai and Hong Kong, China's economic and financial centres, and is focusing on attracting multinational corporations providing high value-added services. Admittedly, the city faces a number of urban challenges in its pursuit, such as water shortages and extreme pollution, which downgrades the attractiveness of Beijing to many investors.

Construction in the city has been considerably boosted by immense infrastructure developments and the opening of new venues, completed in time for the 2008 Olympics. Beijing is still experiencing rapid urban expansion, but, at the same time, the city is suffering from a severe shortage of land. Beijing's expansion is occurring at the expense of already scarce farmland, resulting in social conflict, not to mention inflated land prices.